

J. Matthew Watson, Treasurer Crane for Congress P.O. Box 1370 Fairburn, GA 30213

RE: MUR 7033

Dear Mr. Watson:

On April 5, 2016, the Federal Election Commission ("Commission") notified Crane for Congress and you, as treasurer ("the Committee") of a complaint alleging violations of certain sections of the Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971, as amended (the "Act"). On June 22, 2017, based upon the information contained in the complaint and the available information, the Commission decided to exercise its prosecutorial discretion to dismiss the complaint and close its file in this matter. The Commission then closed its file in this matter.

The Commission encourages you to review the Factual and Legal Analysis, which sets forth the statutory and regulatory provisions considered by the Commission in this matter. A copy is enclosed for your information and future reference. In particular, the Commission reminds you that a candidate's designated principal campaign committee is required to file a Statement of Organization within ten days of designation, or report any change in information previously submitted on its Statement of Organization within ten days of the change. See 52 U.S.C. § 30103(a), (c). For further information on the Act, please refer to the Commission's website at www.fec.gov or contact the Commission's Public Information Division at (202) 694-1100.

Documents related to the case will be placed on the public record within 30 days. See Statement of Policy Regarding Disclosure of Closed Enforcement and Related Files, 68 Fed. Reg. 70,426 (Dec. 18, 2003). The Factual and Legal Analysis, which explains the Commission's finding, is enclosed for your information.

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If you have any questions, please contact Don Campbell, the attorney assigned to this matter, at (202) 694-1650.

Sincerely,

Lisa J. Stevenson

Acting General Counsel

BY: Jeff/S. Jordan

Assistant General Counsel

Enclosure:

Factual and Legal Analysis

FEDERAL ELECTION COMMISSION

FACTUAL AND LEGAL ANALYSI	FΔ	CTHAT	AND	LEGAL.	ANAT	VSIS
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RESPONDENTS

RESPONDENTS: Michael Robert Crane

MUR 7033

Crane for Congress

and J. Matthew Watson, as treasurer 1

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I. INTRODUCTION

This matter was generated by a complaint alleging violations of the Federal Election

Campaign Act of 1971, as amended ("the Act") and Commission regulations by Michael Robert

Crane, and Crane for Congress and J. Matthew Watson, in his official capacity as treasurer, (the

"Committee"). It was scored as a low-rated matter under the Enforcement Priority System, by

which the Commission uses formal scoring criteria as a basis to allocate its resources and decide

which matters to pursue.

II. FACTUAL AND LEGAL ANALYSIS

A. Factual Background

The Complaint alleges that Michael Robert Crane announced his candidacy for the U.S.

House of Representatives on January 20, 2016, and began actively campaigning at that time with
signs, cards and paid advertising. Compl. at 1. The Complaint asserts that the \$5,220 fee Crane
paid on March 7, 2016, to qualify as a federal candidate in Georgia, was sufficient to trigger
candidate status and registration requirements, but that Crane had not filed a Statement of
Candidacy or designated a principal campaign committee as required under the Act.² Id.

Neither Crane nor the Committee filed a Response to the Complaint.

Crane for Congress was the principal campaign committee in 2016 for Michael Robert Crane, a candidate for the U.S. House of Representatives in the 3rd Congressional District of Georgia in 2016. Crane lost in the primary runoff election on July 26, 2016. The Committee was first established in 2010.

The Complaint was filed on March 30, 2016. Disclosure reports show that the Crane campaign filed a Statement of Candidacy and Statement of Organization on April 12, 2016.

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B. Legal Analysis

- Within fifteen days of becoming a candidate, the candidate must designate a principal
- 3 campaign committee by filing a Statement of Candidacy. The designated principal campaign
- 4 committee is required to file a Statement of Organization within ten days of designation or
- 5 report any change in information previously submitted on its Statement of Organization within
- 6 ten days of the change.⁵
- Reports filed with Commission show that Michael Robert Crane filed a Statement of
- 8 Candidacy for the 2016 election on April 12, 2016, and the Committee filed a Statement of
- 9 Organization on the same day.⁶ The Committee's disclosure reports indicate that the Committee
- 10 likely crossed the \$5,000 contribution threshold for filing a Statement of Candidacy no later than
- February 7, 2016. Based on that date, Crane should have filed his Statement of Candidacy by
- 12 February 22, 2016, and the Committee should have filed a Statement of Organization by March
- 13 3, 2016. Therefore, Crane filed his Statement of Candidacy at least fifty days late and the
- 14 Committee filed its Statement of Organization at least forty days late.
- 15 Even so, these late filings did not cause the Committee to file an untimely 2016 April
- 16 Quarterly Report, which was the first report due after Crane passed the candidate threshold.

⁵² U.S.C. § 30101(2); 1.1 C.F.R. § 100.3

⁴ 52 U.S.C. § 30102(e)(1); 11 C.F.R. § 101.1(a).

⁵² U.S.C. § 30103(a), (c).

Both of the forms (Form 2 Statement of Candidacy and Form 1 Statement of Organization) were dated February 2, 2016, but for unknown reasons were not mailed to the Commission until April 12, 2016.

While the Complaint alleges that Crane paid a \$5,220 state fee on March 7, 2016, it offers no documentation, and the Committee's disclosure reports do not show a \$5,220 expenditure on that date. The Committee's 2016 April Quarterly shows a \$250 "registration fee" paid to the "GA Secretary of State" on March 8, 2016 (see Crane for Congress 2016 April Quarterly at 34). However, the Committee's disclosure reports indicate that, notwithstanding the receipt of unitemized contributions, the Committee likely crossed the \$5,000 contribution threshold and triggered the Statement of Candidacy filing requirement no later than February 7, 2016. See Crane for Congress 2016 April Quarterly Report at 8, filed April 13, 2016. As such, when Crane filed a Statement of Candidacy for the 2016 election on April 12, 2016, it was at least fifty days late.

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- 1 Accordingly, in furtherance of the Commission's priorities relative to other matters pending on
- 2 the Enforcement docket, the Commission exercises its prosecutorial discretion and dismisses the
- 3 allegations pursuant to Heckler v. Chaney, 470 U.S. 821, 831-32 (1985). Additionally, the
- 4 Commission reminds Michael Robert Crane of the requirements under 52 U.S.C. § 30102(e)(1)
- 5 and 11 C.F.R. § 101.1(a), concerning the timely filing of a Statement of Candidacy and
- 6 designation of a principal campaign committee, and reminds the Committee of the requirements
- 7 under 52 U.S.C. § 30103(a) and (c), concerning the timely filing of a Statement of Organization.